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[摘要]

本實驗以矽膠和水做爲吸附配對，針對微鰭管應用在吸附空調系統之蒸發/冷凝器做性能探討，主要以矽膠吸附量和凝器兩實驗組比較。填充水量爲2000cc的實驗結果顯示，吸附過程微鰭管實驗組吸附床冷卻水出入水溫差平均值約爲0.2℃。微鰭管式溫差約爲平滑管式的1.7倍，約爲無通水至蒸發/冷凝器的2.5倍。吸附過程微鰭管實驗組蒸發/冷0.4℃，微鰭管式約爲平滑管式的2倍。脫附過程微鰭管實驗組吸附床熱水出入水溫差平均值約爲1℃，平滑管式約大。脫附過程微鰭管實驗組蒸發/冷凝器冷卻水出入水溫差平均值約爲1.3℃，平滑管式約爲0.9℃，微鰭管式約爲和脫附量，在此三實驗組中爲最大。

[英文摘要]

The purpose of the research is to analyze the performance of low-fin tube applied to the evaporator/condenser o The amount of adsorption and desorption of system utilizing low-fin tube is the point we focused. It would be com smooth tube and experiment which not connect chilled/chilling water to evaporator/condenser. When the amount process reveal that the cooling water average temperature difference in adsorber of the low-fin tube, smooth fin a 0.5℃, 0.3℃ and 0.2℃, respectively. It of the low-fin tube experiment is more 67 and 150 percent than the smoot respectively. The consequences of adsorption process also reveal that the chilled water average temperature dif smooth fin experiment is about 0.8℃ and 0.4℃, respectively. It of the low-fin tube experiment is more 100 perce of desorption process reveal that the heating water average temperature difference in adsorber of the low-fin tub experiment is about 1℃, 0.9℃ and 0.9℃, respectively. It of the low-fin tube experiment is more 11 percent than experiment. The consequences of desorption process also reveal that the cooling water average temperature dif smooth fin experiment is about 1.3℃ and 0.9℃, respectively. It of the low-fin tube experiment is more 44 percent low-fin tube experiment having more amount of adsorption and desorption than the smooth fin tube and no conn

[論文目次]

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